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DATE MAILED: 11/04/2005

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/629,430	07/29/2003	Jae-Hyoung Choi	5649-1112	6037
20792	7590 11/04/2005		EXAM	INER
MYERS BIGEL SIBLEY & SAJOVEC PO BOX 37428			KENNEDY, J	ENNIFER M
RALEIGH, N			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2812	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	- H
10/629,430	CHOI ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Jennifer M. Kennedy	2812	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 20 October 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. Mar The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or

following time periods: a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection.

The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b), ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).

(3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the

Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### NOTICE OF APPEAL

2. [	The Notice of Appeal was filed on	<ul> <li>A brief in compliance with</li> </ul>	n 37 CFR 41.37 must b	e filed within two mon	ths of the date
	of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41	1.37(a)), or any extension the	ereof (37 CFR 41.37(e	)), to avoid dismissal (	of the appeal.
	Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed,	any reply must be filed with	in the time period set f	orth in 37 CFR 41.37(	a).
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#### <u>A</u>

office a reduce of Appear has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 of 14 41.37(a).	
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>	
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because	
(a) ⊠ They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below):	

- (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or
- (d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.

NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).

4. 🗌	The amendments are not in compliance with	n 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
5. 🗌	Applicant's reply has overcome the following	g rejection(s):
6.	Newly proposed or amended claim(s)	would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling

- would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).
- 7. Tor purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.

The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:

Claim(s) allowed:

Claim(s) objected to: 2, 5-8, 16, 17, 19, 20, 34, 35,

Claim(s) rejected: 1,3,4,9-15,18,21-23,33 and 36-44.

Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:

#### AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE

- 8. 🔲 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).
- 9. 🔲 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).
- 10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.

#### REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER

11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet.

12. 
Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s).

13. 
Other: \_\_\_

Primary Examiner

Art Unit: 2812

Continuation of 3. NOTE: The added limitations would require further search and/or consideration for example, the limitations of newly amended claim 4 with claim 3 have never before been considered and would require further search and/or examination.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant argues the combination of AAPA and Narwankar et al. Applicant states that Narwankar fails to teach or suggest heating the dielectric layer and the second conductive layer at a temperature in the range of about 450C to 600 C in an inert gas atmosphere after removing portions of the second conductive layer and the dielectric layer. The examiner notes that the AAPA is relied upon to show the method of removing portions of the second conductive layer and the dielectric layer and performing an annealing process. Narwankar is only relied upon to show the temperature and the atmosphere of inert gas. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Further, Applicant argues that Narwankar discloses a inert/oxygen mixture and not an inert atmosphere. The examiner notes that the claim at hand includes the word "comprising" and does not preclude the addition of oxygen in the inert gas atmosphere. The transitional phrases "comprising", "consisting essentially of" and "consisting of' definethe scope of a claim with respect to what unrecited additional components or steps, if any, are excluded from the scope of the claim. The transitional term "comprising", which is synonymous with "including," "containing," or "characterized by," is inclusive or open-ended and does not exclude additional, unrecited elements or method steps. See, e.g., > Invitrogen Corp. v. Biocrest Mfg., L.P., 327 F.3d 1364, 1368, 66 USPQ2d 1631, 1634 (Fed. Cir. 2003) ("The transition comprising' in a method claim indicates that the claim is open-ended and allows for additional steps.");<

Genentech, Inc. v. Chiron Corp., 112 F.3d 495, 501, 42 USPQ2d 1608, 1613 (Fed. Cir. 1997) ("Comprising" is a term of art used in claim language which means that the named elements are essential, but other elements may be added and still form a construct within the scope of the claim.); Moleculon Research Corp. v. CBS, Inc., 793 F.2d 1261, 229 USPQ 805 (Fed. Cir. 1986); In re Baxter, 656 F.2d 679, 686, 210 USPQ 795, 803 (CCPA 1981); Ex parte Davis, 80 USPQ 448, 450 (Bd. App. 1948) ("comprising" leaves "the claim open for the inclusion of unspecified ingredients even in major amounts").

Finally, the examiner notes that Narwankar teaches the top electrode anneal can be done with the same parameters of that of the bottom electrode anneal (see Table I) and Narwankar teaches the bottom electrode anneal may "comprise inert gas, or a gas mixture comprising an inert gas and oxygen, or even 100% oxygen" (see column 10, lines 4-6).

Applicant also argues the combination of AAPA and Lin et al. Applicant states that Lin fails to teach or suggest heating the dielectric layer and the second conductive layer at a temperature in the range of about 450C to 600 C in an inert gas atmosphere while the second conductive layer remains exposed. The examiner notes that the AAPA is relied upon to show the method of an annealing process while the second conductive layer is exposed. Lin is only relied upon to show the temperature and the atmosphere of inert gas. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).